














Work gloves



REFERENCE	GENERAL HANDLING	MECHANICAL PROTECTION	ANTI-CUT PROTECTION	CHEMICAL PROTECTION	WELDING PROTECTION	HEAT PROTECTION	COLD PROTECTION	ANTI-PUNCTURE PROTECTION	ELECTRICAL PROTECTION	FOOD INDUSTRY	PAGE NUMBER
 688-PF	•										15 pag.
 688-PG	•										15 pag.
 688-G	•										14 pag.
 688-NYPU/N	•	•									21 pag.
 688-NYPU/G/N	•	•									21 pag.
 688-NYN/N	•	•									20 pag.
 688-NYN/B	•	•									19 pag.
 688-NYNC	•	•									20 pag.
 688-NYPU/U	•	•									18 pag.
 688-NYLF	•	•					•				19 - 43 pag.
 688-NYL	•	•									18 pag.
 688-CUT PRO	•	•	•								16 pag.
 688-MM			•					•		•	17 pag.
 688-AA		•	•							•	17 pag.

REFERENCE	GENERAL HANDLING	MECHANICAL PROTECTION	ANTI-CUT PROTECTION	CHEMICAL PROTECTION	WELDING PROTECTION	HEAT PROTECTION	COLD PROTECTION	ANTI-PUNCTURE PROTECTION	ELECTRICAL PROTECTION	FOOD INDUSTRY	PAGE NUMBER
 688-CUT	•	•	•								16 pag.
 688-EGRIP	•	•									23 pag.
 688-LUT	•										45 pag.
 688-NUT	•									•	45 pag.
 688-VAUT	•									•	44 pag.
 688-VTUT	•										44 pag.
 688-LT top	•	•									22 pag.
 688-LC top	•	•									23 pag.
 688-LDA/N		•		•						•	25 pag.
 688-IDY	•	•								•	24 pag.
 688-LDN/N		•		•						•	25 pag.
 688-LB/N		•		•						•	31 pag.
 688-NEO/N		•		•							30 pag.
 688-NEOL/N		•		•							31 pag.

	Risk	Latex	Neoprene	Nitrile	Vinyl PVC
Ammonium acetate	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Ammonium acetate	A	Red	Orange	Orange	Orange
Amyl acetate	C	Red	Orange	Orange	Orange
Calcium acetate	-	Green	Green	Green	Green
Ethyl acetate	C	Red	Orange	Orange	Orange
Potassium acetate	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Acetone	C	Green	Yellow	Red	Red
Acetic acid (glacial)	B	Green	Green	Yellow	Orange
Concentrated boric acid	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Hydrobromic acid	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Hydrobromic acid	B	Green	Orange	Orange	Orange
Hydrochloric acid, 30% and 5%	B	Green	Green	Green	Yellow
Chromic acid	B	Red	Red	Orange	Yellow
Citric acid	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Hydrofluoric acid, 30%	B	Yellow	Green	Green	Yellow
Formic acid, 90%	B	Red	Yellow	Orange	Orange
Lactic acid, 85%	A	Orange	Green	Green	Green
Nitric acid, 20%	B	Yellow	Yellow	Orange	Orange
Oleic acid	A	Orange	Green	Green	Orange
Oxalic acid	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Carbolic acid	D	Orange	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow
Phosphoric acid	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Stearic acid	A	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
Sulphuric acid (concentrated)	B	Red	Orange	Red	Yellow
Sulphuric acid (diluted)	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Tartaric acid	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Amyl acid	C	Green	Green	Green	Green
Benzyl alcohol	E	Orange	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow
Butyl alcohol (or n-butanol)	D	Green	Green	Green	Green
Ethyl alcohol (or ethanol)	D	Green	Green	Green	Green
Isobutyl alcohol (or isobutanol)	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Methyl alcohol (or methanol)	C	Green	Green	Green	Green
Acetic aldehyde (or acetaldehyde)	F	Green	Green	Orange	Red
Benzaldehyde	E	Red	Red	Orange	Red
Formaldehyde, 30%	C	Green	Green	Green	Green
Concentrated ammonia	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Aniline	E	Yellow	Yellow	Orange	Red
Asphalt	E	Red	Orange	Green	Red
Benzene	E	Red	Red	Orange	Red
Potassium bicarbonate	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Sodium bicarbonate	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Sodium bisulfite	A	Green	Green	Green	Green

	Risk	Latex	Neoprene	Nitrile	Vinyl PVC
Borax	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Bromides	C	Green	Green	Green	Red
Ammonium carbonate	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Sodium carbonate	-	Green	Green	Green	Green
Potassium carbonate	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
quicklime	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
slaked lime	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
chlorine	B	Red	Green	Green	Green
chloroacetone	C	Green	Green	Red	Red
chloroform	F	Red	Orange	Yellow	Red
Ammonium chloride	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
calcium chloride	-	Green	Green	Green	Green
Stannous chloride	E	Orange	Green	Green	Green
Methylene chloride	C	Red	Orange	Orange	Red
Nickel chloride	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Potassium chloride	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Sodium chloride	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Creosote	D	Orange	Green	Green	Green
cresol	D	Red	Green	Green	Green
Potassium cyanide	D	Green	Green	Green	Green
ciclohexane	C	Red	Orange	Yellow	Red
ciclohexanol	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
ciclohexanone	C	Orange	Orange	Red	Red
Herbicides	A	Green	Green	Green	Green
Household detergents	A	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
Diacetone alcohol	C	Green	Green	Red	Red
dibutyl ether	E	Red	Orange	Green	Red
Dibutyl phthalate	E	Yellow	Orange	Green	Red
Dichloromethane	F	Red	Red	Orange	Green
Propylene dichloride	F	Red	Red	Orange	Red
Diethanolamine	E	Green	Green	Green	Green
Diocetyl phthalate	E	Yellow	Green	Green	Red
Bleach	B	Green	Green	Green	Green
Oxygenated water	D	Orange	Green	Green	Red
Agua Regia	F	Red	Yellow	Orange	Orange
Fertiliser	C	Green	Green	Green	Green
Turpentine	E	Red	Orange	Green	Orange
Car oil	E	Red	Yellow	Green	Orange
Light oil	E	Red	Yellow	Green	Red
Diethyl ether (pharmaceutical)	A	Orange	Green	Green	Orange
Ethylamine	A	Orange	Orange	Green	Orange
Ethylaniline	E	Orange	Green	Green	Orange

Green	Excellent
Yellow	Good
Orange	Average
Red	Discouragement

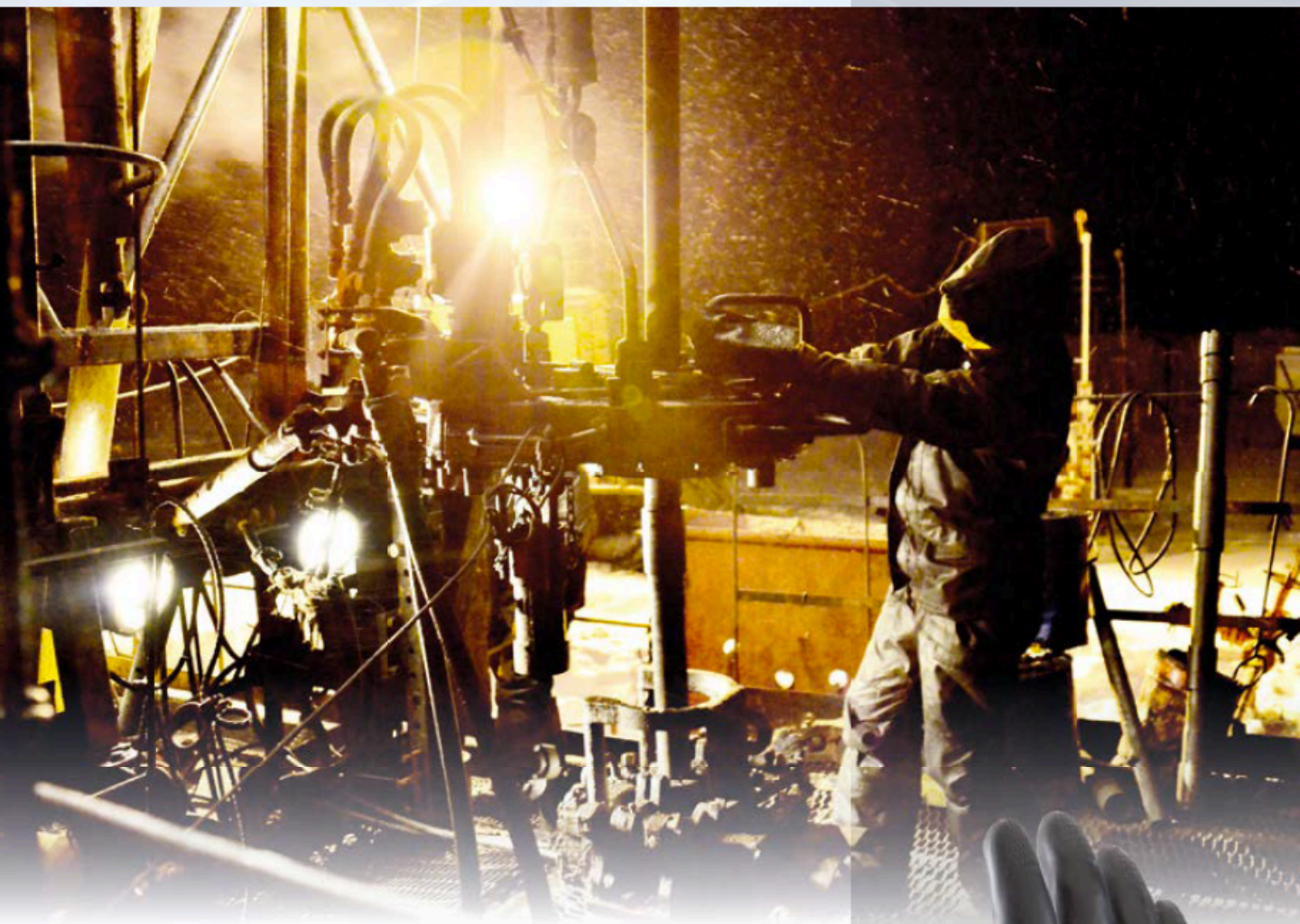
Note: This list is merely a guideline as to how the glove materials will react in contact with certain chemical elements. The correct glove should be used for the specific chemical risk, taking specific work conditions (contaminants, concentration, period of exposure, etc.) into account.

	Risk	Latex	Neoprene	Nitrile	Vinyl PVC
Ethylene glycol	F				
Fixatives	E				
Hydraulic fluids (ethers)	C				
Calcium fluorophosphate	B				
Fluorides	B				
Formol (or formaldehyde)	-				
Combustibles	F				
Fural (furfural or furaldehyde)	E				
Diesel	F				
Glycerin	-				
Glycol	F				
Animal fats	-				
Mineral oils	F				
Hexane	F				
Cutting oil	F				
Brake oil (lockhead)	F				
Greasing oils	F				
Hydraulic oils (petroleum)	F				
Lard oils	-				
Paraffin oil	-				
Pine oil	-				
Castor oil	-				
soybean oil	-				
Calcium hydroxide	B				
calcium hypochlorite	B				
Sodium hypochlorite	B				
Methyl isobutyl Ketone	F				
Kerosene	F				
Milk and dairy products	-				
Washing powder	B				
Magnesium oxide	-				
Fuel oil	F				
Methyl acetate	E				
Methylamine	E				
Methylaniline	E				
Methylcyclopentane	F				
Butanone	F				
Methyl formate	F				
Methyl isobutyrate	F				
Monochlorobenzene	F				
Naphtha	F				
Naphthalene	F				

	Risk	Latex	Neoprene	Nitrile	Vinyl PVC
n-Butylamine	F				
Ammonium nitrate	B				
Calcium nitrate	B				
Potassium nitrate	B				
Sodium nitrate	B				
Nitrobenzene	B				
Nitropropane	B				
Perfumes and spirits	B				
Glycerophthalic paint	C				
Water-based paints	A				
Perchloroethylene	F				
Potassium permanganate	D				
Calcium phosphates	C				
Potassium phosphates	D				
Sodium phosphates	B				
Potash flakes	B				
Potash in concentrated lye	B				
Petroleum products	F				
Polyester resins	F				
Silicate	B				
Soda flakes	B				
Soda in concentrated lye	B				
Styrene	A				
Potassium sulphate	B				
Sodium sulphate	B				
Zinc sulphate	D				
Sulphates, bisulphates and hyposulphates	B				
Carbon tetrachloride	B				
THF = Tetrahydrofuran	B				
Toluene	A				
Tributyl phosphate	D				
Trichloroethylene	F				
Trinitrobenzene	E				
Trinitrotoluene	E				
Triphenyl phosphate	E				
Vinegar and condiments	B				
White spirit	F				
Xylene	F				
Xylophene	F				

Risk guidelines	
-	Non-toxic but contact may be harmful
A	May cause burns
B	Danger of burns
C	Toxic
D	Highly toxic
E	Highly toxic with secondary effects
F	Highly toxic with irreversible and mortal effects

NEOPRENE gloves



688-NEO/N

Black neoprene glove for mechanical and chemical hazards.

Applications Mechanical and Chemical Protection. The glove provides great dexterity. Flocked cotton interior, recommended for chemical and petrochemical industries, petrol stations, tanks, de-greasing, solvents, paints and varnishes and detergents, oil, construction, cleaning, etc.

Features and Advantages

- High Chemical Protection.
- Neoprene provides chemical and mechanical resistance. Is resistant to acids, solvents, industrial adhesives.
- Grip in the palm and fingers for better holding.
- Thickness: 0.75 mm. Length: 30 cm.

CE EN 420

Sizes_ 8, 9 and 10



EN 374-1:16

Type C



EN 388:16

32XX



688-NEOL/N

Long black neoprene glove for mechanical and chemical hazards.

Applications Mechanical and Chemical Protection. The glove provides great dexterity. Flocked cotton interior, recommended for chemical and petrochemical industries, petrol stations, tanks, de-greasing, solvents, paints and varnishes and detergents, oil, construction, cleaning, etc.

Features and Advantages

- High Chemical Protection.
- Neoprene provides chemical and mechanical resistance. Is resistant to acids, solvents, industrial adhesives.
- Grip in the palm and fingers for better holding.
- Extra length to protect the forearm.
- Thickness: 0.78 mm. Length: 38 cm.

CE EN 420

Size_ 9



688-LB/N

Two-tone latex glove with neoprene reinforcement for chemical and mechanical hazards.

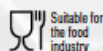
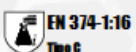
Applications Mechanical and Chemical Protection. The glove provides great dexterity. Flocked cotton interior, recommended for chemical and petrochemical industries, petrol stations, tanks, de-greasing, solvents, paints and varnishes and detergents, oil, construction, cleaning, etc.

Features and Advantages

- The combination of Neoprene and Latex permits its use in a wide range of chemicals due to their double layers.
- Latex is a natural substance that gives a high level of comfort due to its high flexibility, while providing excellent grip and abrasion resistance and the Neoprene provides chemical and mechanical resistance, since it is resistant to acids, solvents and bases.
- Rough Grip (points) in palm and fingers for better grip of objects.
- Thickness: 0.70 mm. Length: 30 cm.

CE EN 420

Sizes_ 7, 8, 9 and 10



Unsupported NITRILE gloves

688-ND/N

Green nitrile industrial glove for mechanical and mechanical hazards.

Applications Mechanical and Chemical Protection. Flocked cotton interior, recommended for its high resistance, making it suitable for chemicals, degreasing, solvents, oils, paints, and varnishes. Also suitable for handling food.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance that offers resistance to fats, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Diamond type grip in the palm for better holding.
- Highest anti-abrasion level. Long working life of the glove.
- Thickness: 0.38 mm. Length: 33 cm.

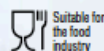
CE EN 420 Sizes_ 7, 8, 9 and 10



EN 374-1:16
Type C



EN 388:16
2101X



Suitable for
the food
industry



688-NDL/N

Green nitrile industrial glove for mechanical and mechanical hazards.

Applications Protection Mechanical and Chemical. Flocked cotton interior, recommended for its high resistance, making it suitable for chemicals, degreasing, solvents, oils, paints, and varnishes. Also suitable for handling food.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance to fats, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Diamond type grip in the palm for better holding.
- Highest anti-abrasion level. Long working life of the glove.
- Thickness: 0.42 mm. Length: 38 cm.

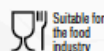
CE EN 420 Size_ 9



EN 374-1:16
Type C



EN 388:16
2101X



Suitable for
the food
industry



Unsupported NITRILE gloves

688-NT/N breathable back

Flexible Nitrile Glove with cotton support, rigid sleeve and inner lining.

Applications General Handling. Mechanical risks. Glove is especially recommended for handling tasks in a greasy, damp or dirty environment, such as construction work, handling, waste, industrial tasks, do-it-yourself, public works... Highest anti-abrasion level. The glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance against greases, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Thicker Nitrile Coating, and more rigid sleeve, providing greater chemical and mechanical resistance.
- High breathability nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent relation between mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420 Size 9



688-NC covered back

Flexible Nitrile Glove with cotton support, rigid sleeve and inner lining.

Applications General Handling. Mechanical risks. The glove is especially recommended for handling tasks in a greasy, damp or dirty environment such as construction work, handling, waste, industrial tasks, do-it-yourself, public works... Highest anti-abrasion level. The glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance against greases, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Thicker Nitrile Coating, and more rigid sleeve, providing greater chemical and mechanical resistance.
- High breathability nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent relation between mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420 Size 9



NITRILE gloves with support

688-NTF/N breathable back

Flexible Nitrile Glove with knitted cotton support and elastic cuff.

Applications Mechanical risks. Glove especially recommended for construction work, handling residues, metal working, wood, industrial tasks, glass, do-it-yourself, public works, etc, and in general for tasks with no very sharp objects. Highest anti-abrasion level. The Glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance to fats, oils and hydrocarbons.
- High breathability of the nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent balance of mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420

Sizes_ 7, 8, 9 and 10

EN 388:16
211X



688-NCF/N covered back

Flexible Nitrile Glove with knitted cotton support and elastic cuff.

Applications General Handling. Mechanical risks. The Glove especially recommended for construction work, handling residues, metal working, wood, industrial tasks, glass, do-it-yourself, public works... and in general for tasks with no very sharp objects. Highest anti-abrasion level. The Glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance to fats, oils and hydrocarbons.
- High breathability of the nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent balance of mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420

Sizes_ 7, 8, 9 and 10

EN 388:16
311X



688-NTE breathable back

Flexible Nitrile Glove with cotton support, rigid sleeve and inner lining.

Applications General Handling. Mechanical risks. The Glove is especially recommended for handling tasks in a greasy, damp or dirty environment, such as construction work, handling, waste, industrial tasks, do-it-yourself, public works... Highest antiabrasion level. The Glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance against greases, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Thicker Nitrile Coating, and more rigid sleeve, providing greater chemical and mechanical resistance.
- High breathability nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent relation between mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420 Size_ 8, 9 and 10



688-NCE/N covered back

First-class latex glove with knitted cotton support, elastic cuff and inner lining.

Applications General Handling. Mechanical risks. Glove especially recommended for handling tasks in a greasy, damp or dirty environment, such as construction work, handling, waste, industrial tasks, do-it-yourself, public works, etc. Highest anti-abrasion level. Glove has a long working life.

Features and Advantages

- Nitrile is a flexible substance, that offers resistance against greases, oils and hydrocarbons.
- Thicker Nitrile Coating, and more rigid sleeve, providing greater chemical and mechanical resistance.
- High breathability nylon fabric.
- Perfect Fit. Excellent relation between mechanical resistance and dexterity.

CE EN 420 Size_ 7, 8, 9 and 10

